



NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE

Byron Shire Council PO Box 219 MULLUMBIMBY NSW 2482

Your reference: (CNR-16888) 10.2021.5.1 Our reference: DA20210118000183-Original-1

ATTENTION: Nancy Tarlao

Date: Friday 12 March 2021

Dear Sir/Madam,

Integrated Development Application s100B - SFPP - Other Tourist Accommodation 75 Rifle Range Road BANGALOW NSW 2479, 39//DP625255

I refer to your correspondence dated 18/01/2021 seeking general terms of approval for the above Integrated Development Application.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has considered the information submitted. General Terms of Approval, under Division 4.8 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, and a Bush Fire Safety Authority, under section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*, are now issued subject to the following conditions:

General Conditions

1. The development proposal is to comply with the layout identified on the drawing prepared by Logan Architecture titled "Overall Site Plan", noted as Issue D and dated 11/20.

Asset Protection Zones

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

2. From the start of the construction phase of the new dwelling, the property around the dwelling and then in perpetuity (to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires), shall be maintained as an inner protection area (IPA), in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019, for 50 metres in all directions.

Intent of measures: to provide suitable building design, construction and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:



3. From the start of the reconstruction phase of the change of use of the existing dwelling to become a central facility building (tourist accommodation building), the property around the building and then in perpetuity (to ensure ongoing protection from the impact of bush fires), shall be maintained as an inner protection area (IPA), in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019, for the following specified outcomes:

- North for a distance of 40 metres;
- East for a distance of 69 metres;
- South for a distance of 45 metres; and
- West for a distance of 45 metres.

Construction Standards

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

4. The construction of the proposed new dwelling shall comply with Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas – 2014 as appropriate and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.

Intent of measures: to provide suitable building design, construction and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

5. Any new construction associated with the proposed central facility building (change of use from dwelling to tourist accommodation) shall comply with Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas – 2014 as appropriate and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.

6. The existing dwelling, that is to be converted to a central facility building (tourist accommodation) shall be upgraded to improve ember protection by enclosing all openings (excluding roof tile spaces) or covering openings with a non-corrosive metal screen mesh with a maximum aperture of 2mm. Where applicable, this includes any sub floor areas, openable windows, vents, weepholes and eaves. External doors are to be fitted with draft excluders.

Access - Internal Roads

Intent of measures: to provide safe operational access for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire, while residents are accessing or egressing an area. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

7. The proposed internal roads for the; existing tourist accommodation cabins; the proposed tourist accommodation development (conversion of dwelling to tourist accommodation building); and the proposed dwelling, shall comply with the following property access requirements of Table 5.3b of PBP 2019:

- have a minimum 4m carriageway width;

- the proposed property access road shall have passing bays every 200m that are 20m long by 2m wide, making
- a minimum trafficable width of 6m at the passing bay;
- have a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches;
- provide suitable turning areas (usually at dead-ends) in accordance with Appendix 3;
- curves have a minimum inner radius of 6m and are minimal in number to allow for rapid access and egress;
- the minimum distance between inner and outer curves is 6m;
- the crossfall is not more than 10 degrees;
- maximum grades for sealed roads do not exceed 15 degrees and not more than 10 degrees for unsealed roads.

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Water and Utility Services

Intent of measures: to minimise the risk of bush fire attack and provide protection for emergency services personnel, residents and others assisting firefighting activities. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

8. The proposed dwelling shall have any supplies of water, electricity or gas compliant with the following, as per Table 7.4a of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019:

- A 20000 litre fire fighting water supply tank must be provided on site;

- a connection for firefighting purposes is located within the IPA or non-hazard side and away from the structure;
- 65mm Storz outlet with a ball valve is fitted to the outlet of any tank supply of water;
- ball valve and pipes are adequate for water flow and are metal (as part of a water tank supply);
- supply pipes, from a water supply tank, to the ball valve have the same bore size to ensure flow volume;
- underground tanks have an access hole of 200mm to allow tankers to refill direct from the tank;
- a hardened ground surface for truck access is supplied within 4m;
- above-ground tanks are manufactured from concrete or metal;

- raised tanks have their stands constructed from non-combustible material or bush fire-resisting timber (see Appendix F of AS 3959);

- unobstructed access can be provided at all times;
- underground tanks are clearly marked;
- tanks on the hazard side of a building are provided with adequate shielding for the protection of firefighters;
- all exposed water pipes external to the building are metal, including any fittings;
- where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground;
- where overhead electrical transmission lines are proposed, they shall comply as follows:

a) lines are installed with short pole spacing (30m), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and b) no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines.

- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;

- all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;

- connections to and from gas cylinders are metal;
- polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
- above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

Emergency and Evacuation Planning Assessment

Intent of measures: to provide suitable emergency and evacuation arrangements for occupants of SFPP developments. To achieve this, the following conditions shall apply:

9. A Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan shall be prepared, or the existing Bush Fire Emergency and Evacuation Plan be modified to include the additional tourist accommodation use and be consistent with the NSW RFS document: A Guide to Developing a Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan.

The Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should include planning for the early relocation of occupants.

Note: A copy of the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should be provided to the Local Emergency Management Committee for its information prior to occupation of the development.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Bradford Sellings on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Alan Bawden Team Leader, Dev. Assessment & Planning Planning and Environment Services





BUSH FIRE SAFETY AUTHORITY

SFPP - Other Tourist Accommodation 75 Rifle Range Road BANGALOW NSW 2479, 39//DP625255 RFS Reference: DA20210118000183-Original-1 Your Reference: (CNR-16888) 10.2021.5.1

This Bush Fire Safety Authority is issued on behalf of the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under s100b of the Rural Fires Act (1997) subject to the attached General Terms of Approval.

This authority confirms that, subject to the General Terms of Approval being met, the proposed development will meet the NSW Rural Fire Service requirements for Bush Fire Safety under *s100b of the Rural Fires Act 1997.*

Alan Bawden

Team Leader, Dev. Assessment & Planning Planning and Environment Services

Friday 12 March 2021